

India

Geography

two rivers

Indus,
Ganges



Geography

two rivers

Indus,
Ganges

connection to asia

connect north

agriculture, cities,
trade, knowledge.



Geography

two rivers

Indus,
Ganges

connection to asia

connect north

agriculture, cities,
trade, knowledge.



Himalayas

protection + isolation

Indian Imperial Experience

Indian Imperial Experience

one india

Indian Imperial Experience

one india

breaks up

Indian Imperial Experience

one india

breaks up

breaks up even more

Indian Imperial Experience

one india

breaks up

breaks up even more

foreign invasion



Aryan

Foreign invaders – 1000bc

chariot warriors

=

foreign conquerors run India

+

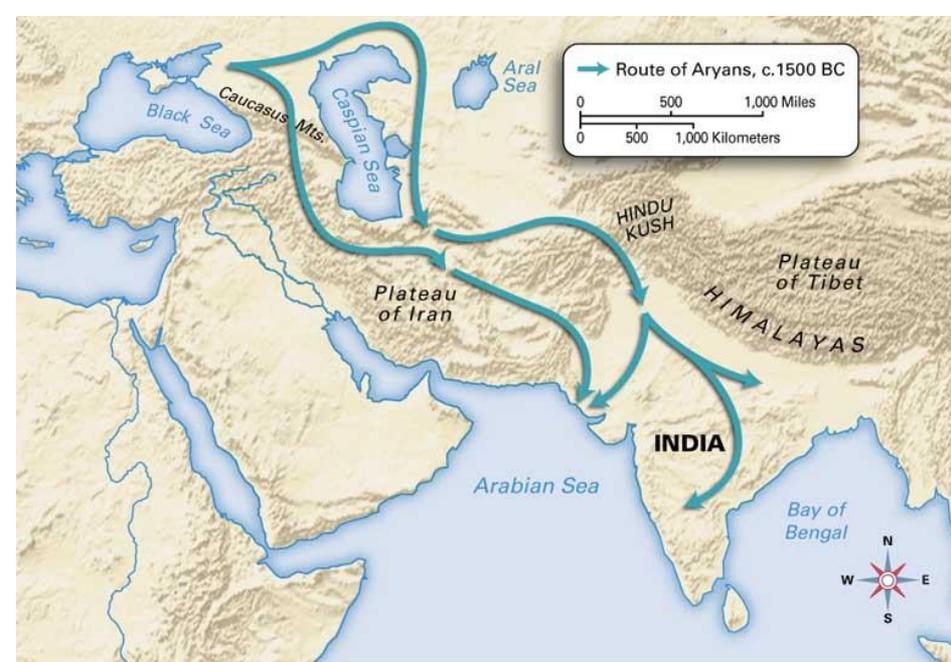
change culture w/ foreign ideas

(aryan warrior gods + indian settled institutions = hinduism

= legitimacy = unification of foreign + native culture

= vedas (warrior tales of gods = relationship ppl in universe)

=demographic problem = caste system = separation by job)



Caste:

Adv:

People get stability, predictability, community

society gets predictable labor supply + stable social order

Caste:

Adv: People get stability, predictability, community

society gets predictable labor supply + stable social order

disadv: people's desire for better – to move up.

(why be warrior level 3 when warrior level 2 is better?)

Hinduism

Samsara = transmigration of the soul

your soul returns (not reincarnation)
to do the journey again until completed

(first rule of thermodynamics
energy not created or destroyed)

Hinduism

Samsara = transmigration of the soul

your soul returns (not reincarnation)
to do the journey again until completed

(first rule of thermodynamics
energy not created or destroyed)

Karma = tally of good v bad
(not buddhist version)

= if good move up, if bad move down.

= incentive?

India

Siddhartha Gautama
(500 BC)



India

Siddhartha Gautama
(500 BC)

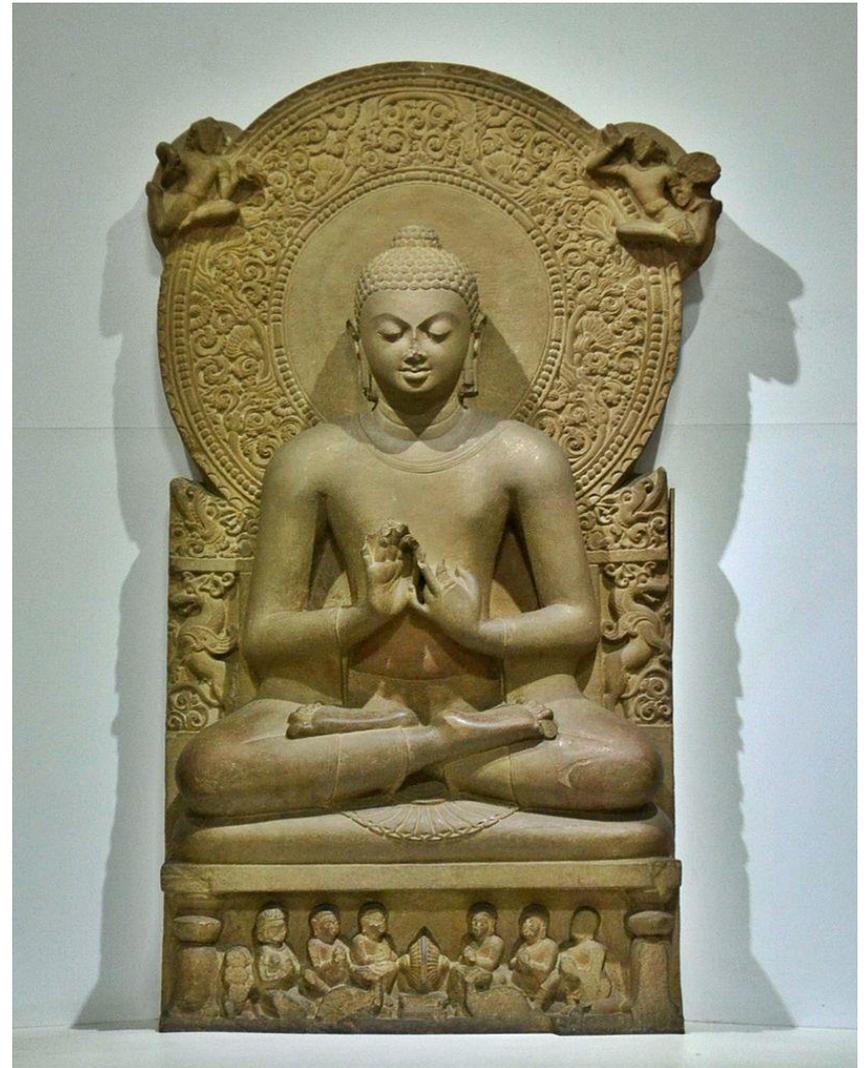
prince

+

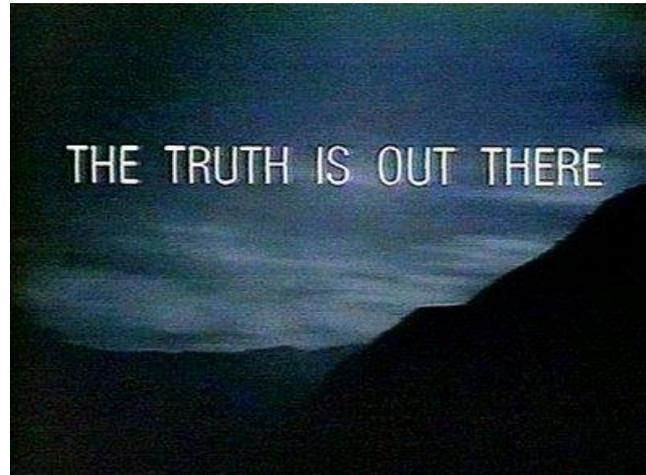
question

+

walks the earth

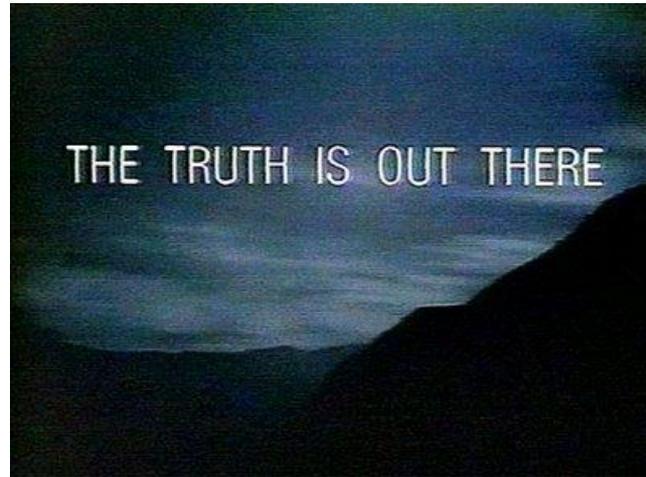


Four Truths



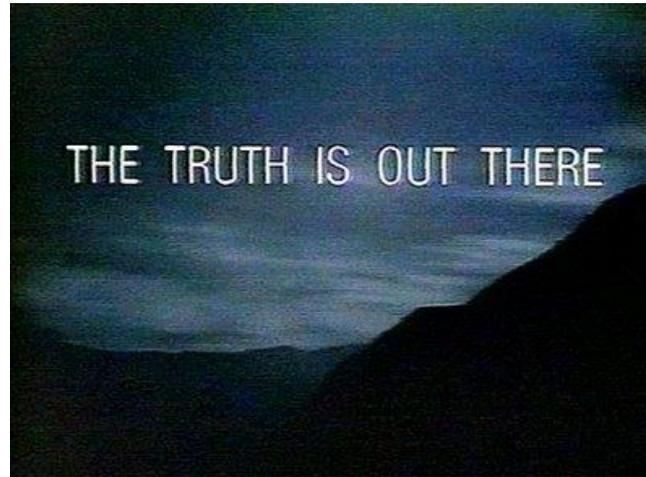
1. Pain and Suffering are inescapable

Four Truths



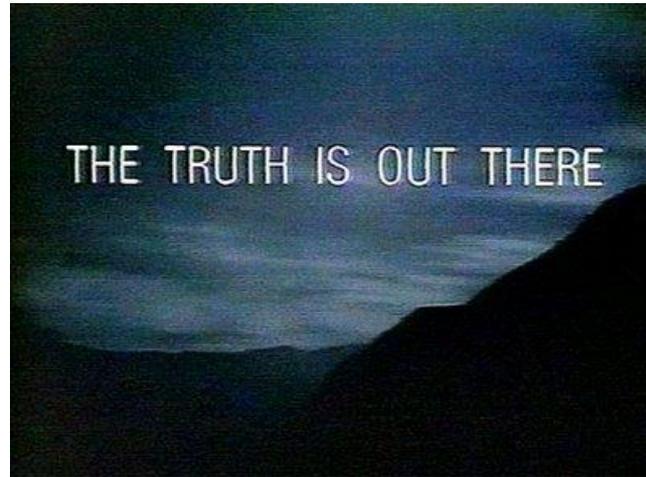
1. Pain and Suffering are inescapable
2. caused by attachment and desire

Four Truths



1. Pain and Suffering are inescapable
2. caused by attachment and desire
3. knowing this can minimize pain and suffering

Four Truths



1. Pain and Suffering are inescapable
2. caused by attachment and desire
3. knowing this can minimize pain and suffering
4. triumph of the 8 fold path

8 fold path = rightness

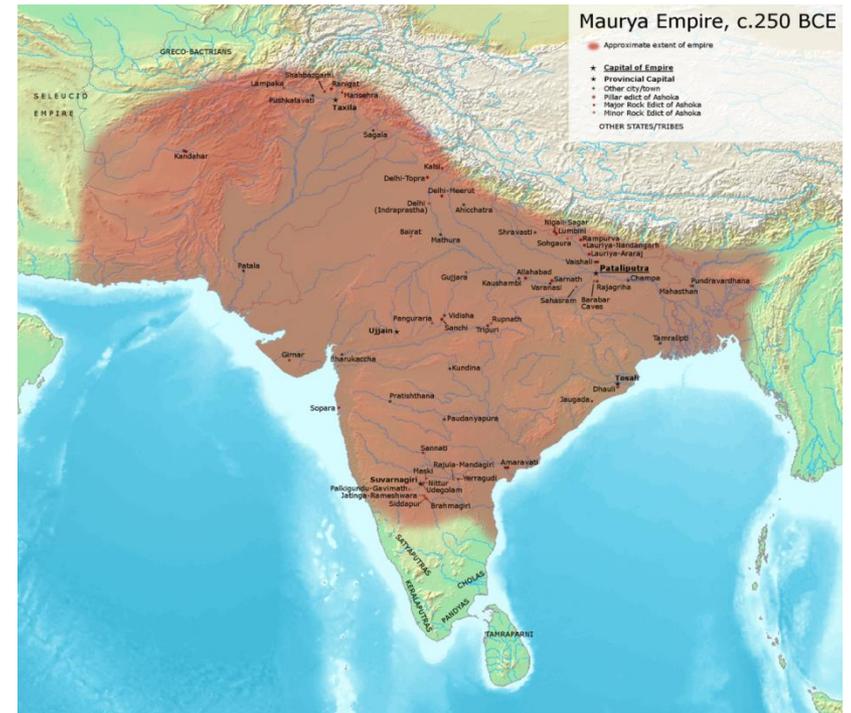


8 fold path = rightness

happiness = #1 value



Mauryan Empire 321 bc – 185 ad



Mauryan Empire 321 bc – 185 ad

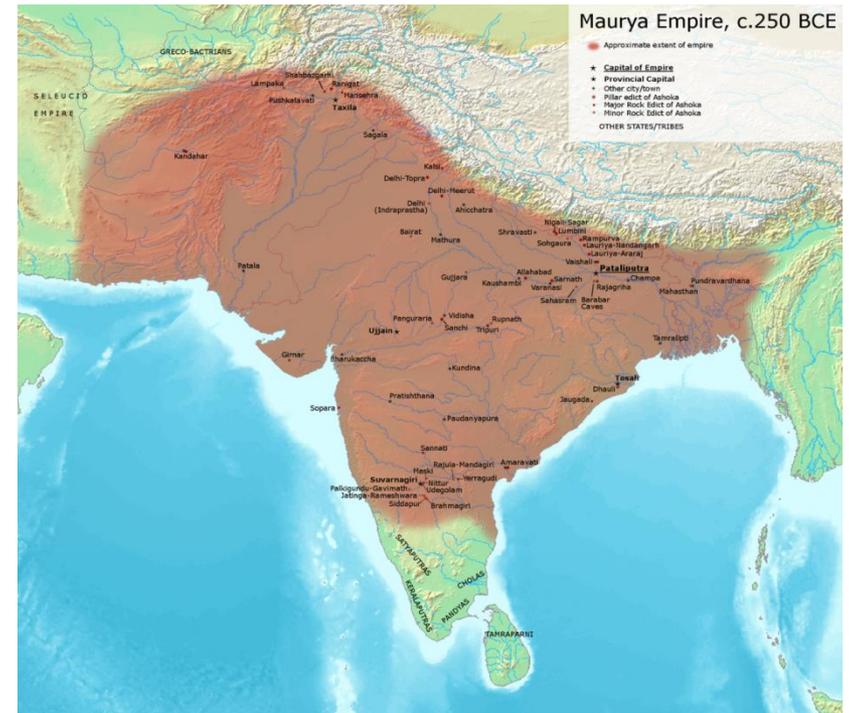
Chandragupta

+

Greek tech

=

?



Mauryan Empire 321 bc – 185 ad

Ashoka

=

Buddhism

=

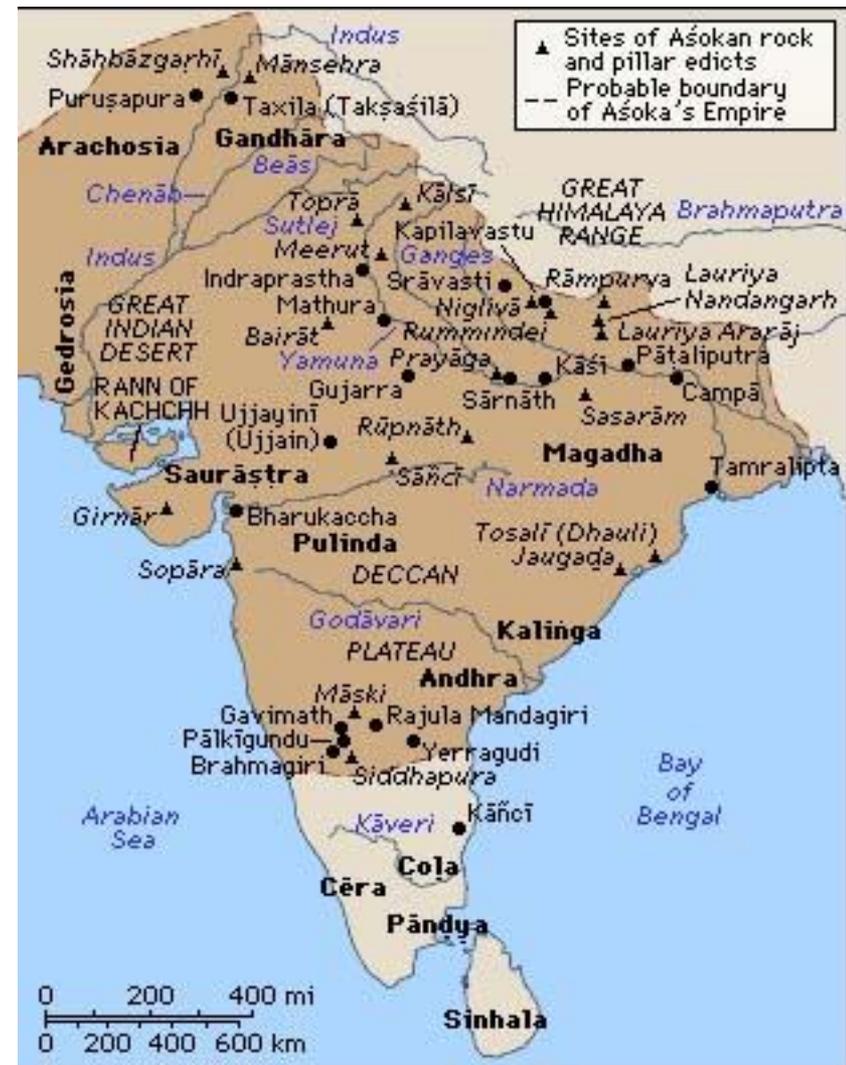
happiness

=

changes nature of political legitimacy

increases knowledge + education

Buddhism spreads to educated classes = exported to Asia by merchants



China

Geography

Eastern Edge of Asia = ?

The Four Old-World River Valley Cultures



Geography

Eastern Edge of Asia

Two Rivers, Yellow + Yangtze = ?

The Four Old-World River Valley Cultures



Geography

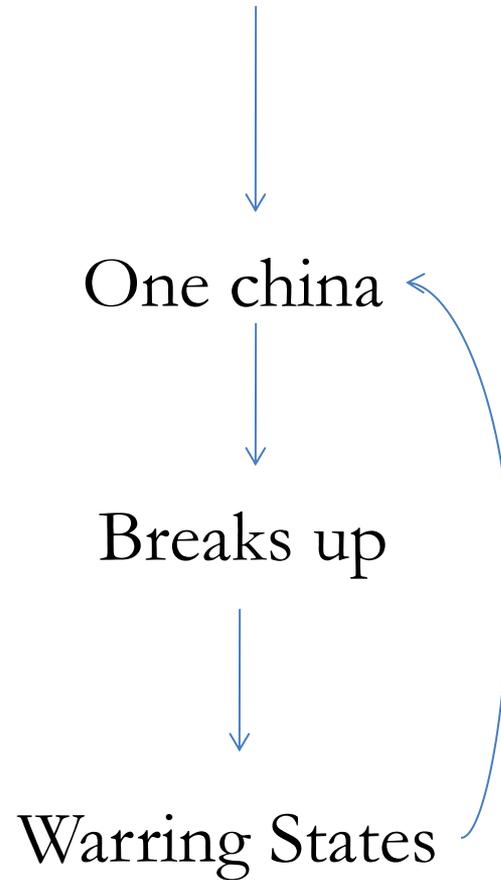
Eastern Edge of Asia

Two Rivers, Yellow + Yangtze.

Western / Northern Nomad Barbarians = constant invasion



Chinese Imperial History



Mandate of Heaven

1. = Legitimacy



Mandate of Heaven

1. = Legitimacy
2. Absolute Power



Mandate of Heaven

1. = Legitimacy
2. Absolute Power
3. Protect / Improve People



Mandate of Heaven

1. = Legitimacy
2. Absolute Power
3. Protect / Improve People
4. Seen in Nature
 - = govt serves ppl in trouble
 - = loss = revolution + new dynasty



Confucius (551 – 479 bc)



Confucius (551 – 479 bc)

1. Teacher in warring states period



Confucius (551 – 479 bc)

1. Teacher in warring states period
2. Disliked violence + destruction



Confucius (551 – 479 bc)

1. Teacher in warring states period
2. Disliked violence + destruction
3. Wrote on Ethics
and Social Responsibility



Confucius (551 – 479 bc)

1. Teacher in warring states period
2. Disliked violence + destruction
3. Wrote on Ethics
and Social Responsibility

= position = responsibilities + obligations



Politics
Qin and Han
Dynasties

Qin Dynasty (221 -206 bc)

Qin Dynasty (221 -206 bc)

1. first emperor (not tribal chief)



Qin Dynasty (221 -206 bc)

1. first emperor (not tribal chief)
2. Cultural isolation = burn the past

Qin Dynasty (221 -206 bc)

1. first emperor (not tribal chief)
2. Cultural isolation = burn the past
3. massive public works = slave labor

Qin Dynasty (221 -206 bc)

1. first emperor (not tribal chief)
2. Cultural isolation = burn the past
3. massive public works = slave labor

death of emperor = revolution of nobility + ppl

Han Dynasty (206 bc – 220 ad)



1. Anti-Qin

1. Anti-Qin

2. Confucius = connection

3. Military Expansion

= push out dangerous peoples

= control trade routes



Collapse

= child emperors

+ death cult religious revolution

=

powerful generals + private armies

=

private states = “romance of the three kingdoms”